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Appendix

Poetry Studies Notebook Poetry Terms & Definitions Student Notes

Dear Teacher,

Welcome to *Poetry for Beginners Student Workbook B.* I trust you will find this year's study of poetry with your student delightful. The poems in this volume will give your student good exposure to some of the best poets and hymn writers of the ages. I pray you and your student are inspired to great and noble thoughts and conversations as a result of your poetry studies this year.

Poetry for Beginners Student Workbook B, like the Homer student workbooks, is written to facilitate your student's advancing independence in his studies. However, remember this is not a course that a student should (or can!) teach to himself. Your involvement in daily lessons is crucial to your student's success. There are many things a student can do on his own, particularly once routines have been established, but the Classical Writing series is designed for you to actively teach your student. And the joy of studying poetry along with your student is not to be missed!

An optional *Poetry for Beginners Instructor's Guide B* is available to help you with your teaching task. The instructor's guide contains a copy of the weekly assignment checklist, answers to selected exercises, a copy of each week's model, and an author biography section. It also contains a guide to applying the skills you learn in *Poetry for Beginners* to other subject areas and models, and some blank forms. The instructor's guide will be particularly helpful as you begin to identify some of the more difficult figures of speech.

On the next few pages you will find some brief notes to help you get started with *Poetry for Beginners Student Workbook B.* I aim to keep it short so you can get started with your poetry studies right away!

Notes to the Teacher

Poetry for Beginners Student Workbook A included directions for constructing an optional Poetry Studies Notebook. If for some reason you do not have this and your student has not set up his Poetry Studies Notebook, you may e-mail us (inquiry@classicalwriting.com) and we will send you a pdf of the instructions.

This book contains twelve weeks of lessons, approximately following the second half of the twenty-four week schedule for younger students laid out in the appendix of the *Poetry for Beginners*. It is assumed that the student has completed *Poetry for Beginners Student Workbook A*, or the equivalent skill levels in the *Poetry for Beginners*. This course is intended to round out the yearly schedule for students using *Homer*, although it can be used anytime in the Classical Writing series.

This workbook is organized to follow the weekly schedules and routines in the *Poetry for Beginners*. Each week will have the following components:

Weekly Assignment Checklist

This gives an overview of the work to be completed each week. You can write in the due dates and any other notes to your student here. The checklist provides a place to check progress, and a guide for your student to follow in completing assignments.

In the gray box at the bottom are Teacher Preparation and Notes.

Day 1 ~ Understanding Poetry

Here, you will find a copy of the week's model with space for analysis. The Day 1 Analysis and Imitation assignments follow immediately. It is written to the student, but designed for complete teacher involvement.

Day 2 ~Figures of Speech

This day in Analysis and Imitation will include dictation, vocabulary analysis, and imitation of figures of speech.

Day 3 ~ Poetic Meter

On Day 3, you will analyze the poetic meter of the weekly model. Imitation will focus on aspects of poetic meter as well.

Day 4 ~ Stanza Forms

This is the day to analyze and imitate stanza forms, and write stanza summaries to aid in comprehension.

Model: A Red, Red Rose Day 1 ~ Understanding Poetry (Skill Level 3 Lessons 5 and 6) ☐ Review Understanding Poetry Terms & Definitions ☐ Careful reading with your teacher ■ Basic Questions and Reporter's Questions Day 2 ~ Figures of Speech (Skill Level 3 Lessons 1-3) ☐ Review Terms & Definitions for figures of speech ☐ Rhyming words and spelling analysis □ Vocabulary analysis (optional) Analysis □ Similes Day 3 ~ Poetic Meter (Skill Level 4 Routine) ☐ Review Poetic Meter Terms & Definitions ☐ Analyze the meter of the weekly model ☐ Browse anthologies and record trochaic and iambic examples Day 4 ~ Stanza Forms (Skill Level 3 Review) ☐ Review Stanza Form Terms & Definitions ☐ Analyze the stanza form of the weekly model ☐ Browse anthologies and record haiku and enclosed tercet examples Day 1 ~ Understanding Poetry (Skill Level 2 Routine) ☐ Copy the model poem to your copybook or Poetry Studies Notebook (PSN) □ Dictation Day 2 ~ Figures of Speech (Skill Level 4 Lesson 1) ☐ *Imitation of similes* **Imitation** Day 3 ~ Poetic Meter (Skill Level 4 Lesson 1) ☐ Imitation of a couplet Day 4 ~ Stanza Forms (Skill Level 3 Routine) ■ Writing haiku ☐ Stanza summaries **Teacher Preparation** For the Teacher ☐ Read through this week's lesson in the student workbook and *Poetry for* **Beginners** ■ Read the model and author information. ☐ (Optional) Choose vocabulary words for analysis on Day 2. (Vocabulary analysis is explained in *Homer*, pp. 83-87.) Notes

Week 1 Assignment Checklist

Poetry Scansion and Figures

Rhyme Scheme:
Poetic Meter:
Stanza Form:
(Mark and analyze figures of speech in the margin.)
A RED, RED ROSE by Robert Burns
O my Luve's like a red, red rose
That's newly sprung in June:
O my Luve's like the melodie
That's sweetly play'd in tune!
As fair thou art, my bonnie lass,
So deep in love am I:
And I will love thee still, my dear,
Till a' the seas gang dry:

Till a' the seas gang dry, my dear,

And the rocks melt with the sun;

I will luve thee still my dear,

When the sands of life shall run.

And fare thee weel, my only Luve,

And fare thee weel a while!

And I will come again , my Luve,

Tho' it were ten thousand mile.

Understanding Poetry

Day 1 Analysis pp. 48-53

With your teacher, review Reading Carefully on pages 48-50 of Poetry for Beginners. Also, review the following poetry terms from Poetry for Beginners. You will find them in the Terms & Definitions section at the back of this workbook, or in your Poetry Studies Notebook (PSN), if you are keeping one.

line, stanza, genre, narrative, lyrical

Follow the steps for reading this week's model poem.

- 1. First read-through
- 2. Slow reading with word analysis and discussion
- 3. Final read-through
- 4. Oral narration

Basic Questions

Now, review Asking Basic Questions on pages 50-53 of Poetry for Beginners, then compete the basic questions below for this week's model poem.

Poem:
Author:
About the Author:
Genre:
Speaker:
Audience:
Message:

Reporter's Questions

Day 1 Analysis pp. 56-61

With your teacher, review Lessons 1-4 on pages 54-56 of Poetry for Beginners. Read and discuss Lessons 5 and 6 in Poetry for Beginners, then complete the reporter's questions below:

Who? (Major and Lesser Characters)
What? (Action and Objects)
When and Where? (Setting)
Why? (Motives)
How? (Manner)
(**************************************

Dictation

Day 1 Imitation Routine p. 67

Add the model poem to your copybook or Poetry Studies Notebook.

lave your teacher dictate a polictation against the model.			
			Day 2 Avaloria
			Day 2 Analysis Routine, p. 99
dentify, mark, and analyze an nodel poem. See the routines			
Mark the rhyming words on the cheme in the space provided.			
ame Spelling	<u>Di</u>	fferent Spelling	

Vocabulary Analysis (Optional)

Word	Spelling	Part of Speech	Definition
Synonyms			
Etymology and Word Lore			
Quotations			
Synonyms			
Etymology and Word Lore			
Quotations			
Synonyms			
Etymology and Word Lore			
Quotations			
Synonyms		I	I
Etymology and Word Lore			
Quotations			

Suggested Words: (Scottish words) bonnie, lass, gang, tune, sands of life, fare

Similes

Day 2 Analysis pp. 100-101

Review the Terms & Definitions for all Figures of Speech covered in Student Workbook A.

With your teacher, read Lessons 1-3 on pages 100-101 of Poetry for Beginners. Study the examples.

Terms & Definitions: Add simile to the Figures of Speech page, #2 under Tropes. (PSN, p. 3)
Identify, mark, and analyze any similes on this week's model poem as instructed in Poetry for Beginners. Then list all the similes here:
Try to find at least 3 examples of each kind of simile in your reading this week for other subjects, or in your poetry anthology.
Similes that use "like"
Similes that use "as as"
Similes that use "than"

Optional: Analyze some vocabulary words from the model poem as discussed in Homer on pp. 83-87. You may do your work on the previous page, or in your Vocabulary Notebook (as described in Homer Student Workbook A). With your teacher, choose the words you wish to analyze. I have suggested some possibilities in the chart on the previous page.

Classical Writing - Poetry for Beginners Student Workbook B Preview

Imitation of Similes

Day 2 Imitation pp. 152-154

With your teacher, read and discuss Lesson 1 in Poetry for Beginners, carefully studying the examples.

Imitate the similes from this week's model according to the instructions in Poetry for Beginners. First, mark the part of speech above each word. Then, find synonyms for all the important words in the simile except the subject using the tools you learned in Poetry for Beginners (Aristotle's 10 Categories, thesaurus, and dictionary).

Ο	my	Luve's	like	а	red,	red	rose	that's	newly	sprung	in	June
0	my	Luve's	like	the	m	elodie	that's	swee	tly pla [,]	y'd in	tune	e!
		ose a sin above.	nile fro	m th	e one	es you i	found fo	or Day 2	? Analysis	s and imi	tate i	t as

Poetic Meter

Day 3 Analysis Routine, p. 200

With your teacher, review the following terms for poetic meter which you learned in Poetry for Beginners Student Workbook A. You will find these in the Terms & Definitions section at the back of this workbook or in your Poetry Studies Notebook, if you are keeping one.

verse, foot, iamb, trochee, meter, iambic, trochaic, metrical line names

Follow the routine you learned in Student Workbook A to analyze the meter of the weekly poem.

On the model:

- 1. Mark the stresses and breves.
- 2. Mark the feet using vertical lines.
- 3. Count the feet in several lines to be sure of the number.
- 4. Determine the proper Greek name.
- 5. Write the poetic meter in the space provided on the weekly model.

Spend time each week browsing through your poetry anthologies for rhymes with

iambic or trochaic meter. Record at least one example of each type below, noting the complete meter name for each, as well as the poem title and author. If you are keeping a Poetry Studies Notebook, you may choose to record your examples there, noting the name of the anthology where you found it. If the poem is long, copy a portion of it. You should be recording at least two examples per week, and the more, the better!

Imitation of Iambic and Trochaic Meter

Day 3 Imitation Routine, p. 224

Review Skill Level 4 in Poetry for Beginners.

You will be imitating couplets for the next six weeks. Look for couplets you would like to imitate as you browse through poetry anthologies. Keep this list of possibilities in your copybook or Poetry Studies Notebook.

- 1. Choose an iambic or trochaic couplet for a model. Copy it below, leaving room for scanning and parsing.
- 2. Scan and parse the lines, then create a skeleton, transferring your stresses, breves, and parts of speech.
- 3. Work with the rhyme pair.
- 4. Invention and Substitution. Match the meter and end rhyme. If possible, imitate the grammatical structure as well.

Model:			
Skeleton:			
Rhyme Work:			
New lines:			

Stanza Forms

Day 4 Analysis Review pp. 233-255

With your teacher, review the following terms for stanza forms which you learned in Poetry for Beginners Student Workbook A. You will find these in the Terms & Definitions section at the back of this workbook, or in your Poetry Studies Notebook, if you are keeping one.

stanza forms, couplet, tercet, enclosed tercet, haiku

Browse through your poetry anthology and look for examples of tercets or haiku. Their unique form (three lines) make them easy to spot. If you can find some, record them below, noting the poem title, author, and stanza form for each. If you are keeping a Poetry Studies notebook, you may choose to record your examples there. If the poem is long, copy just a portion, noting the name of the anthology where you found it.

Review: Writing Haiku

Day 4 Imitation pp. 275-276

1. Think of a subject: a moment, a sensation, an impression, an act or fact of nature.
2. Write a short sentence or several phrases about it.
3. Arrange the sentences to fit the haiku pattern5 syllables:
7 syllables:
5 syllables:
4. Count the syllables and look over the words. Are any substitutions needed? Final version:

Stanza Summaries

Day 4 Imitation Routine p. 267

With your teacher, review Lesson 1 on pages 266-267 of Poetry for Beginners. Follow the directions in Poetry for Beginners to write stanza summaries for this week's model poem.

Underline the subjects once and the verbs twice for each sentence in the model poem, then use the space below to write a one-sentence summary of each stanza.					

Week 10 Assignment Checklist Model: *All Creatures of Our God and King*

	Day 1 ~ Understanding Poetry (Skill Level 4 Routine) ☐ Review Understanding Poetry Terms & Definitions
	☐ Careful reading with your teacher
	☐ Writing outlines for Basic and Reporter's Questions
	g chames in and the person of queens
	Day 2 ~ Figures of Speech (Skill Level 5 Lessons 4-6)
	Review Terms & Definitions for figures of speech
	☐ Rhyming words, spelling analysis, and optional vocabulary analysis
sis	☐ Analysis of personification; identify figures of speech
Ž	☐ Browse poetry anthology
Analysis	Day 3 ~ Poetic Meter (Skill Level 4 Routine)
V	Review Poetic Meter Terms & Definitions
	☐ Analyze the meter of the weekly model
	☐ Browse anthologies and record more iambic and trochaic examples
	Day 4 ~ Stanza Forms (Skill Level 4 Routine)
	☐ Review Stanza Form Terms & Definitions
	Analyze the stanza form of the weekly model
	☐ Browse anthologies and record examples of couplets, tercets, & quatrains
	Day 1 ~ Understanding Poetry (Skill Level 4 Routine) ☐ Copywork and dictation
	□ Smoothed essay
	Day 2 ~ Figures of Speech (Skill Level 6 Lesson 3)
Imitation	☐ Imitation of personification
ati	Day 3 ~ Poetic Meter (Skill Level 5 Routine)
nit	☐ Imitation of a couplet
Ir	
	Day 4 ~ Stanza Forms (Skill Level 4 Routine)
	☐ Imitation of a quatrain
	☐ Stanza summaries
J:	Teacher Preparation
:he	Read through this week's lesson in the student workbook and <i>Poetry for</i>
ac	Beginners D. Boad the model and author information
76	□ Read the model and author information.□ (Optional) Choose vocabulary words for analysis on Day 2.
he	Notes
r ti	Notes
For the Teacher	

Poetry Scansion and Figures

Rnyme Scheme:
Poetic Meter:
Stanza Form:
(Mark and analyze figures of speech in the margin.)

All Creatures of Our God and King by Saint Francis of Assisi

All creatures of our God and King
Lift up your voice and with us sing,
Alleluia! Alleluia!
Thou burning sun with golden beam,
Thou silver moon with softer gleam,
Refrain: O praise Him! O praise Him!
Alleluia! Alleluia!

Thou rushing wind that art so strong
Ye clouds that sail in Heaven along,
O praise Him! Alleluia!
Thou rising moon, in praise rejoice,
Ye lights of evening, find a voice!
Refrain

Thou flowing water, pure and clear,

Make music for thy Lord to hear,

O praise Him! Alleluia!

Classical Writing - Poetry for Beginners Student Workbook B Preview

Thou fire so masterful and bright,

That givest man both warmth and light.

Refrain

Dear mother earth, who day by day

Unfoldest blessings on our way,

O praise Him! Alleluia!

The flowers and fruits that in thee grow,

Let them His glory also show.

Refrain

And all ye men of tender heart,
Forgiving others, take your part,
O sing ye! Alleluia!
Ye who long pain and sorrow bear,
Praise God and on Him cast your care!
Refrain

And thou most kind and gentle Death,
Waiting to hush our latest breath,
O praise Him! Alleluia!
Thou leadest home the child of God,
And Christ our Lord the way hath trod.
Refrain

Let all things their Creator bless,

And worship Him in humbleness,

O praise Him! Alleluia!

Praise, praise the Father, praise the Son,

And praise the Spirit, Three in One!

Refrain

Understanding Poetry

Day 1 Analysis Routine, p. 62

Review Understanding Poetry Terms & Definitions.

Follow the steps for reading this week's model poem.

- 1. First read-through
- 2. Slow reading with word analysis and discussion
- 3. Final read-through
- 4. Oral narration

Discuss the Basic and Reporter's Questions. In complete sentences with proper spelling and punctuation, answer each of the Basic and Reporter's Questions listed below for this week's model. Some of these questions will require two or three sentences for an adequate explanation. If possible, write your sentence outline on the computer. You will be using these sentences in the Imitation session to write an essay, and your work will be much more efficient if you can edit them in your word processor. If needed, you may use the space provided on the next page.

Basic Questions

- What is the title of the poem?
- Who is the author/poet?
- What is the genre, narrative or lyrical?
- Who is speaking in the poem?
- To whom is he speaking?
- What is he saying?

Reporter's Questions

- Who is the poet? Who are the characters in the poem?
- What things are in the poem? What is happening in the poem? What is the poem's message?
- When and where (historically, geographically, time of year, time of day)?
- Why do the characters act and speak as they do? Why did the poet write the poem as he did?
- How through action and speech do we see the character's motivations?
 How does the poet's choice of words create emotional or intellectual response in the reader?
 How in nature does a certain process occur?

Smoothed Essay

Day 1 Imitation Routine, p. 83

Combine the sentence outline you created in the analysis session into an essay. Edit your essay, making sure you use the following elements for a smooth and flowing essay:

- Compounds
- Coordination
- Subordination

- Varied Sentence Openers
- Smooth Transitions between sentences

Dictation

Day 1 ImitationRoutine p. 67

Add the model poem to your copybook or Poetry Studies Notebook.

Have your teacher dictate a portion of the dictation against the model.	ne model for you to writ	e. Check your
Identify, mark, and analyze any onomat	ropoeia, similes, or	Day 2 Analysis Routine p. 116
metaphors in this week's model poem. Skill Levels 2, 3, and 4.		
Mark the rhyming words on the model a scheme in the space provided. List the		
Same Spelling	Different Spelling	

Vocabulary Analysis (Optional)

Word	Spelling	Part of Speech	Definition
Synonyms			
Etymology and Word Lore			
Quotations			
Synonyms			
Etymology and Word Lore			
Quotations			
Synonyms			
Etymology and Word Lore			
Quotations			
Synonyms		I	I
Etymology and Word Lore			
Quotations			

Suggested Words: gleam, masterful, unfold(est), cast, trod, humbleness

Personification

Day 2 Analysis p. 118

Review the Terms & Definitions for all Figures of Speech.

With your teacher, read Lessons 4-6 in Poetry for Beginners.

Terms & Definitions:

Add **third degree personification** to the Figures of Speech page, #3 under Tropes. (PSN, p. 3)

Mark examples of first and second degree personification in this week's model poem as instructed in Lessons 2 and 3.

Look for examples of third degree personification in this week's model poem, mark them as instructed in Poetry for Beginners, and note them below. Then, look at previous weeks' model poems and mark any third degree personification, and note them below.

Imitation of Personification

Day 2 Imitation p. 172

With your teacher, read Lesson 3 in Poetry for Beginners. Study and discuss the example.

Follow the instructions in Poetry for Beginners to imitate the third degree personification in this week's model poem.

- 1. Identify and analyze the third degree personification.
- 2. Choose one stanza from the model.
- 3. Parse and diagram the sentences.
- 4. Choose another topic, and substitute words for the new topic.

Copy stanza to imitate here (leave out Alleluias and refrain):				
Parse and diagram:				

Use the table below for continuing practice of rewriting metaphors. See the instructions in Week 8 if you need a reminder.

Original Metaphor		
Identification		
Renaming		
"Of" Metaphor		
Replacement		
Unstated		
Simile		

Poetic Meter

Day 3 Analysis Routine, p. 200

Review the Poetic Meter Terms & Definitions.

Analyze the meter of the weekly poem.

On the model:

- 1. Mark the stresses and breves.
- 2. Mark the feet using vertical lines.
- 3. Count the feet in several lines to be sure of the number.
- 4. Determine the proper Greek name.
- 5. Write the poetic meter in the space provided on the weekly model.

Browse through your poetry anthologies for rhymes with iambic or trochaic meter. Record at least one example of each type below, or in your Poetry Studies Notebook, noting the complete meter name, poem title, author, and the anthology where you found it.

Imitation of Couplets ~ Rhyme and Content

Day 3 Imitation Routine, p. 232

For the remaining weeks, you will continue to create couplets. Use models from your anthology or Poetry Studies Notebook and imitate the original with attention to rhyme, meter, and content.

- 1. Create skeleton in two steps, meter and parsing
- 2. Work with the new rhyme pair
- 3. Invention

4. Word Substitution		

For your skeleton and imitation:				

Stanza Forms ~ Quatrains

Day 4 Analysis Routine, p. 263

Review the Stanza Form Terms & Definitions.

Continue browsing your anthology or hymnals for couplets, tercets, and quatrains. Copy at least one below or in your Poetry Studies Notebook. Make sure you include the title, author, stanza type, plus any special stanza types for couplets, tercets, and quatrains.

u it is a quatrain,	is it a ballau:	II IC IS a HYHH	ii, is it long, sho	rt, or common meter

Quatrains

Day 4 Imitation pp. 292-298

Continue imitating quatrains, or any other stanza form, as you have learned. Use models from your anthology, your Poetry Studies Notebook, or the models in Poetry for Beginners. In our family, we have had great fun writing new poems using people, places, and events from our history and literature studies.

- 1. Develop content: choose subject, determine message and purpose, write sentence summaries of each stanza.
- 2. Write the stanzas, paying attention to meter and rhyme.

3. Adjust as necessary.				

Stanza Summaries

Day 4 ImitationRoutine p. 267

Underline the subjects once and the verbs twice for each sentence in this week's model poem, then use the space below to write a one-sentence summary of each stanza.				